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USDA Consumer Expenditure Survey Report No. 3

CONSUMER EXPENDITURES AND INCOME

Rural Farm Population, Southern Region, 1961

Summary Tabulations Classified
by Family Characteristics
(Tables 1-10)

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PREFACE

Information on the expenditures for family living, savings, and income of rural farm families in 1961 was collected by the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) as part of a nationwide Survey of Consumer Expenditures—a cooperative undertaking of USDA and the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) of the U.S. Department of Labor. Comparable data are available from BLS on rural nonfarm families, collected jointly by USDA and BLS, and for urban families, collected by BLS. BLS also has reports of the data for the three population groups combined. Insofar as possible, the table numbers, format, and general content of the reports by the two agencies have been kept the same for all population groups.

The initial objective of this survey was to obtain from urban families of wage and clerical workers detailed expenditure data for use by BLS in revising the Consumer Price Index, but a cross section of all urban families was selected to serve other purposes. Subsequently, the survey was broadened to cover rural farm and rural nonfarm families, to provide information on a complete cross section of the U.S. population for the year 1961. Such data for the U.S. population were last available in summary form for 1941-42, and in detail by regions for 1935-36. The tabulations included in this report are designed to facilitate the study of the expenditure patterns of farm families in relation to selected socioeconomic characteristics. The

tabulations also provide the basis for comparing expenditures of farm and nonfarm families. Spending patterns of farm families in 1961 may also be compared with the patterns shown in earlier studies of farm families.

Within USDA, the survey has been a cooperative project of the Statistical Reporting Service (SRS), the Economic Research Service (ERS), and the Agricultural Research Service (ARS). SRS had primary responsibility for collecting and tabulating the data. The publications have been prepared by staff of Consumer and Food Economics Research Division of ARS, who have served as technical advisors on subject matter throughout the study. Miss Jean L. Pennock supervised the preparation of this report. Miss Minnie Belle McIntosh worked with the Data Processing Center of SRS in developing the tabulations.

Other reports carrying summary expenditure tables 1-10 for the rural farm population are:

Northeast	-----	Consumer Expenditure Survey Report No. 1
North Central	-----	Consumer Expenditure Survey Report No. 2
West	-----	Consumer Expenditure Survey Report No. 4
United States	-----	Consumer Expenditure Survey Report No. 5

CONTENTS

	Page
Highlights	5
Sample Design	8
Collecting and Processing the Data	9
Weighting of the Data	9
Evaluating the Data	10
Guides to Interpreting Statistical Summaries	10
Definitions	11

Tables:

1.	Summary of Family Expenditures, Income, and Savings by Income Class	14
2.	Summary of Family Expenditures, Income, and Savings by Family Size	15
3.	Summary of Family Expenditures, Income, and Savings by Age of Family Head	16
4.	Summary of Family Expenditures, Income, and Savings by Occupation of Family Head	17
5.	Summary of Family Expenditures, Income, and Savings by Tenure of Family Dwelling	18
6.	Summary of Family Expenditures, Income, and Savings by Education of Family Head	19
7.	Summary of Family Expenditures, Income, and Savings by Race	20
8.	Summary of Family Expenditures, Income, and Savings by Family Type	21
9.	Summary of Family Expenditures, Income, and Savings by Number of Full-time Earners in Family	22
10.	Summary of Family Expenditures, Income, and Savings by Location Inside or Outside SMSA's	23

CONSUMER EXPENDITURES AND INCOME

Rural Farm Population, Southern Region, 1961

HIGHLIGHTS

Farm families in the South¹ spent an average of \$3,157 for current living expenses in 1961. In addition, they used \$168 for gifts and contributions, put \$149 into various types of life insurance and retirement funds, and had savings of \$243 through a net increase of assets over liabilities. Their average after-tax income was \$3,592.

Expenditures in 1961

Food, housing, and clothing—frequently referred to as the basic categories—accounted for over 60 percent of spending for current consumption. Food, including beverages, took the largest amount—\$779 or 25 percent of the total. Housing was almost as important, accounting for \$772 or 24 percent of total spending. Clothing was of much less importance in the family budget; families spent \$376 or 12 percent of consumption expenditures on this category.

The food-and-beverage dollar was divided into 82 cents for food to be prepared at home, 16 cents for meals and snacks away from home, and 2 cents for alcoholic beverages. The housing dollar was divided into 55 cents spent on the house itself and on fuel, light, refrigeration, and water; 19 cents for other household operations; and 25 cents for housefurnishings and equipment.

Transportation constituted the third largest component of family spending. The family share of the purchase and operation of automobiles and trucks amounted to \$553. In addition, families spent \$22 on other transportation, mostly public. Together these made up 18 percent of total spending.

¹ The Southern region includes Oklahoma, Texas, Arkansas, Louisiana, Kentucky, Tennessee, Mississippi, Alabama, West Virginia, Maryland, Delaware, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, and Florida.

Medical care cost families \$271 and accounted for 9 percent of total expenditures. The minor categories—personal care, recreation, reading and education, tobacco, and other expenditures—as a group accounted for 12 percent of spending for consumption. Of these, personal care, at \$104, was the largest.

Changes in Spending Patterns Since 1955

Farm families in the South² spent 23 percent more for current consumption in 1961 than in 1955, one percentage point less than the increase shown by all farm families in the United States. Rising incomes and prices were principally responsible for this change. Little of it can be attributed to the change in the universe surveyed—farm-operator families in 1955, and all families on farms in 1961. In the latter year, the self-employed—who can be assumed to be predominantly farm operators—formed such a large proportion of the total group studied that they determined both the level and the pattern of expenditures. The precise effect of change in universe, however, will be examined in greater detail in a later report.

Food and beverages was the largest category of expenditures in 1955 and in 1961, but its position of primary importance in the budget was being challenged by housing in the latter year. Expenditures for food and beverages had slipped from 30 percent of the budget in 1955 to 25 percent in 1961, and expenditures for housing had risen from 22 to 24 percent. Food predictably decreased in importance, since total spending had increased and food traditionally responds less than other categories to an increase in total spending. The increased importance of housing in the budget of farm families is due in part to real improvements in the level

² Maryland and Delaware were included in the South in the 1961 data, in the Northeast in the 1955 data.

Average expenditures, income, and savings of farm families and single consumers, Southern region, 1961 and 1955

Item	Average per family		Percent change, 1955 to 1961	Percent of expenditures for current consumption	
	1961 ¹	1955 ²		1961	1955
Expenditures for current consumption ³ ----	\$3,157	\$2,563	23.2	100.0	100.0
Food and beverages -----	779	756	3.0	24.7	29.5
Tobacco -----	69	52	32.7	2.2	2.0
Housing, total -----	772	560	37.9	24.4	21.8
Shelter ⁵ -----	247	139	77.7	7.8	5.4
Household operations ⁶ -----	326	230	41.7	10.3	9.0
Housefurnishings and equipment -----	196	191	2.6	6.2	7.5
Clothing, materials, services -----	376	394	-4.6	11.9	15.4
Personal care -----	104	66	57.6	3.3	2.6
Medical care -----	271	222	22.1	8.6	8.7
Recreation -----	96	92	4.4	3.0	3.6
Reading and education -----	51	34	50.0	1.6	1.3
Automobile purchase and operation -----	553	329	68.1	17.5	12.8
Other transportation -----	22	12	83.3	.7	.5
Other expenditures -----	65	44	47.7	2.1	1.7
Gifts and contributions -----	168	129	30.2	—	—
Personal insurance -----	149	63	136.5	—	—
Money income before taxes -----	3,803	(⁷)	—	—	—
Money income after taxes -----	3,592	(⁷)	—	—	—
Other money receipts -----	71	(⁷)	—	—	—
Net change in assets and liabilities -----	243	(⁷)	—	—	—
Account-balancing difference -----	-55	(⁷)	—	—	—
Estimated number of families in universe (thousands) -----	1,586	2,275			
Number of families in sample -----	925	1,334			
Average family size -----	3.7	3.9			
Percent nonwhite families -----	16	19			

¹ The universe consists of families and single individuals living on rural farms.

² The universe consists of families and single individuals operating farms, urban and rural. Maryland and Delaware, included in the South in the 1961 data, are in the Northeast in the 1955 data. Source: *Farmers' Expenditures in 1955 by Regions*, USDA Statis. Bul. 224, Washington, 1958.

³ The classification of items in the 2 surveys is not strictly comparable.

⁴ The total may exceed the sum of the 3 subclasses because the total includes items not shown separately in this table.

⁵ The method of computing shelter expense in the 2 surveys is not strictly comparable.

⁶ Includes fuel, light, refrigeration, and water.

⁷ Not available.

of housing. Also, improved survey techniques eliminated from the 1961 data an understatement of housing expenditures of tenant families that exists in the 1955 data.

Spending on automobiles made probably the largest gain of any major category of expenditure for current consumption, since gains in spending on shelter, while appearing to be relatively greater, are in part the result of changes in survey techniques.

Expenditures for clothing have declined among southern farm families, both as a percentage of total spending and in absolute amounts. Since the end of World War II,

clothing has been decreasing in importance in the budgets of American families. A decrease in the size of southern farm families between 1955 and 1961 has accentuated this trend, and probably accounts for the decrease in absolute amounts spent on clothing over a period during which real income rose.

Spending Patterns Related to Family Characteristics

Income.—Slightly more than 50 percent of the farm families and single consumers in the South reported incomes under \$3,000 (table 1).

Forty percent were in the middle-income group ranging from \$3,000 to \$7,500, and less than 10 percent had incomes over \$7,500. Families at the lower end of the income scale tended to be smaller than those farther up the scale. The heads of low-income families were older, on the average, than the heads of high-income families, and a larger proportion of these low-income families had persons 65 years old or older in them. The number of children under 18 years of age and the number of full-time earners in the family generally increased with income. Nonwhites constituted a larger proportion of the low-income group than of other income classes.

At the extremes of the income range, families with incomes under \$1,000 spent an average of \$1,430 whereas families with incomes between \$10,000 and \$15,000 averaged \$6,825 in consumption expenditures.³ To make possible spending more than their income, families with incomes under \$1,000 accumulated debts or drew on savings. They reported a negative net change in assets and liabilities averaging \$1,156. Having these resources to call upon indicates that many of the families in this income class at the time of the survey were below their normal income position. At approximately the \$3,000 income level, families were able, on the average, to break even; in the course of the survey year they neither added to nor reduced their net savings. At levels above \$3,000, savings (increases in assets and decreases in liabilities) exceeded dissavings (decreases in assets and increases in liabilities). In the \$10,000-\$15,000 income class, net savings exceeded \$3,000.

Food, medical care, and tobacco were relatively more important in the spending patterns of low-income families than of those near the top of the income scale. Food declined most sharply—from 29 percent of the family budget for families with incomes under \$1,000 to 19 percent for families with incomes of \$10,000 to \$15,000. One component of the food total, however—food away from home—took a slightly larger proportion of expenditures as income increased.

Clothing, recreation, education, and transportation took an increasing proportion of expenditures as income rose. The change in transportation was particularly marked—from 14 percent of the family budget among families with incomes of less than \$1,000 to 26 percent among those in the \$10,000-\$15,000 class. This is explained in part by the change in the proportions of families owning automobiles or

trucks used for family purposes. Only 50 percent of families with incomes under \$1,000 had cars or trucks, compared to 100 percent at levels above \$7,500.

Family size.—About a third of southern farm families consisted of two persons, and another third was made up of three or four persons (table 2). Families of five or more persons accounted for 28 percent of the total number, and single consumers 6 percent. Single consumers and the heads of two-person families tended to be considerably older than heads of other families.

Income after taxes tended to rise with family size but not as fast. Incomes of families of five persons were little more than half again as large as those of two-person families.

Single consumers spent \$1,069 for current consumption, the lowest average of any size class. Highest expenditures—averaging \$4,359—were made by five-person families. Families of six or more persons, having somewhat less income than five-person families, spent less.

Food took a larger proportion of total spending among single consumers than in any other family size class—29 percent. This large proportion can be accounted for by the low-income position of single consumers, the relatively higher costs involved in buying for a single individual, and relatively large expenditures for meals and snacks away from home. Among families of two or more persons, the proportion of total spending used for food tended to increase with family size.

Single consumers spent 30 percent of their budgets, on the average, for housing, and as in the case of food, this was a greater proportion than was used for this category by larger units. Housing generally took a smaller share of total spending as family size increased.

Increasing proportions of the budget were spent on clothing, transportation, personal care, recreation, and education as family size increased. Medical care took a decreasing share of total spending as family size increased. The greater costs associated with the care of the elderly in the smaller families outweighed the larger number requiring some care.

Age of family head.—In two-thirds of the southern families on farms, the head of the family was between 35 and 65 years of age (table 3). About a fifth had older heads, and less than an eighth had heads under 35 years old. Average family size increased with age of head until he was between 35 and 44, and thereafter decreased. Average after-tax income also increased and decreased in the same age intervals, but not as much as family size. Expenditures for current consumption also peaked when the head was between 35 and 44 years old.

³ The number of families in the sample with incomes of \$15,000 or more is too small for averages to be reliable.

The outstanding characteristic of the spending pattern by age of head is the sharp increase in the importance of expenditures for medical care as the age of the head increased. Food expenditures took a relatively stable share of the total in all except the oldest age group. Housing expenditures generally took a smaller share, and clothing a larger share in the middle years than early and late in the family life cycle.

Occupation of family head.—A high level of self-employment is to be expected among families on farms. In the South, about 60 percent of family heads were self-employed (table 4). Only two other occupational classes—unskilled wage earners (the classification that includes farm laborers) and the retired—comprised as many as 10 percent of all family heads.

Families of the self-employed and all other families on farms were alike as to average family size, age of head, and the proportion that were nonwhite.

Families of the self-employed averaged about \$100 less after-tax income than did other farm families. These self-employed families used less for gifts and contributions and personal insurance, but saved more—\$268 as compared with \$208. They also spent less for current consumption—\$3,119 as compared with \$3,211.

Families of the self-employed spent proportionally less than other families on food and proportionally more on housing and medical care. However, differences in spending patterns were not great.

Education of family head.—The family head in almost two-thirds of the southern farm families had no more than an eighth-grade education (table 6). Fewer than a tenth had attended college. The better educated family heads tended to be somewhat younger, but there was relatively little variation in family size with change in the educational level.

Average income after taxes and expenditures for current consumption increased markedly with increased formal educational attainment.

Families whose heads had eight years of schooling or less averaged about \$2,840 in income and \$2,530 in consumption expenditures, whereas those whose heads had attended college averaged about \$6,449 in income and \$5,328 in expenditures. Families at each educational level reported an average net increase in assets over liabilities, those with more schooling saving more than those with less schooling. The effects of the increase in average income that accompanied increase in formal education can be seen in the spending patterns of these families. The trends seen when income increases are also apparent when education rises. The exception is in housing. This category took a sharply increasing share of spending with increase in formal education.

Race.—Sixteen percent of southern farm families were Negroes (table 7). These families were larger, on the average, than white families, having more children and fewer elderly persons. Negro family heads had less formal education, having completed five years of schooling compared to eight years completed by heads of white families.

Incomes of Negro families averaged little more than half those of white families, and their expenditures for current consumption were about 60 percent of those of whites. Negro families used a smaller proportion of their total spending for medical care. They also spent a smaller proportion on housing, but a considerably larger proportion on food. Negroes as a group dissaved a small amount, whereas whites saved about \$300 on the average.

Other family characteristics.—Data on expenditures, income, and savings by tenure of the dwelling, family type, number of full-time earners, and location inside or outside Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) though of more limited interest are presented in tables 5, 8, 9, and 10, for the benefit of those who wish to examine these relationships.

SAMPLE DESIGN

Farm households in the rural United States were selected for interview on the basis of a stratified area sample design constructed by USDA and BLS in consonant procedures. The sample outside the boundaries of SMSA's was drawn by USDA, and that within SMSA's by BLS. Approximately 2,500 dwellings were designated, about 12 percent of which were within SMSA's.

In the first stage in the USDA sample, counties were grouped by State Economic Areas into 126 strata equal in weighted counts of rural farm and rural nonfarm dwellings, as the

same sample of counties was to be used for both farm and nonfarm households. From each stratum, one county was chosen at random with a probability proportional to its weighted count. Counties were selected from 41 States. The parallel stage of the BLS design utilized the 34 SMSA's selected for the urban sample.

Within each sample county, sample segments were selected separately from rural places (100 to 2,500 inhabitants) and the open country. All dwellings in these segments were prelisted before the beginning of the survey and classified as farm or nonfarm and subsampled at

different rates. However, as this report is on farm families, the description of the sample from here on will be limited accordingly. In the USDA sample, the number selected resulted from applying a sampling rate in each selected county such that the sample would be self-weighted. In the BLS sample, the number was allocated in advance, based on the number of farms in the stratum.

If a dwelling selected was vacant, or its occupants could not be located in two visits or were unable or unwilling to give the minimum information required for classifying the family, an alternate was provided.

COLLECTING AND PROCESSING THE DATA

All interviews with farm families were conducted by USDA staff and were virtually completed by the end of March 1962, although some field work continued into June. The questionnaire used—a modification of the BLS questionnaire used in urban and rural nonfarm areas—provided for detailed reporting of farm receipts, disbursements, and changes in farm assets, but otherwise paralleled the BLS form. The questionnaire was detailed and designed with numerous probes and other aids to recall. Families were encouraged to refer to records wherever possible.

Reported receipts and disbursements were summarized and reviewed in the field to determine completeness, consistency, and balance of the family account. Families were reinterviewed when necessary to clarify ambiguous entries and complete the record. The schedules

All members of consumer units residing at a sample address were eligible for inclusion in the survey except for the time in the survey year during which they were living in military camps, posts, or reservations (other than periods of 45 days or less in a Reserve or National Guard unit); in institutions; abroad (except on vacation, etc.); or were members of another consumer unit. The tabulations in this report, however, cover only full-year consumer units; i.e., units with at least one member who was eligible for the entire survey year. If more than one consumer unit was living at an address, each unit was included in the sample.

were reviewed in the Washington office, primarily to determine conformance of the entries with the survey concepts and methodology. This review of the schedules was concentrated on sections that had proved most difficult in previous survey experience, and on unusual situations that required specialized instructions. Completeness and reasonableness of the reported account, rather than the degree to which receipts and disbursements balanced, were primary criteria for determining the acceptability of a schedule.

All data were edited, coded, and transferred to punch cards for tabulating with electronic data-processing equipment. Numerous checks for internal consistency, reasonableness, and accuracy of the data were written into the programs for screening the machine listings of the data before tabulation.

WEIGHTING OF THE DATA

Summary data from the Survey of Consumer Expenditures in rural farm areas in 1961 have been combined to the regional and United States levels with a system of weights based on the 1960 Census of Population.

To obtain the weights (i.e., the expansion factors), adjustments were made in the census total of persons in the population on April 1, 1960, to correct for definitional differences between the census and the CES universe. Since the CES data related to consumer units (including one-person families) as they existed throughout the survey year, with the average family size reflecting the number of equivalent full-year members, it was necessary to adjust the census population on April 1, 1960, to obtain an estimate of the population for the year 1960. Adjustments were made, therefore, to

take account of births, deaths, and net civilian migration.

The adjusted population for each of the four regions was divided by the average size of consumer unit, as determined from the survey, to obtain the following estimates of the total number of consumer units:

Northeast	242,644
North Central	1,366,455
South	1,585,665
West	317,357
Total United States	3,512,121

Sample data for the four regions were expanded to these totals, which are consistent with corresponding totals used in the expansion and weighting of the rural nonfarm and urban parts of the CES.

EVALUATING THE DATA

Data obtained from a sample survey as complex as the Survey of Consumer Expenditures are subject to many types of errors. These include sampling, recording, and processing errors, and errors due to the refusal or inability of some families to give the information requested.

All data have been reviewed, edited, and screened to minimize processing errors. Measures of sampling error are planned for a later publication. Usable schedules were furnished by 85 percent of the families in the farm sample, and some of the nonrespondents supplied limited information on family characteristics that will be used to evaluate the nature of the sample losses due to nonresponse. Among the participating families, inaccurate reporting is a source of error despite continued research in schedule design and intensive training of the interviewers. Such inaccuracies result from memory errors, misunderstanding of a question or reluctance to answer it, and incorrect entries by the interviewer. Although USDA and BLS have accumulated substantial knowledge about such reporting errors and will continue research in this field, these errors cannot be quantified satisfactorily.

In using the CES data for analytical purposes and for comparison with related data from other sources, the limitations imposed by the basic orientation of the survey must be recognized. The survey was designed to obtain the most accurate information possible about family expenditures and spending patterns in detail, including the quantity and price of some

purchases. Information on family income was needed for interpreting the expenditure pattern. To complete the account of the family's financial experience, information was requested on the net change in assets and liabilities.

If a family's 12-month account were complete and error-free, receipts would equal disbursements. Such precision, however, is almost never achieved. If a schedule met the test of the editing instructions with respect to internal completeness and consistency of expenditures with each other and with the family's reported manner of living, the record was used, even though reported expenditures plus savings did not equal income. The amount of the discrepancy—the account-balancing difference—was recorded on the schedule, and the average amount per family in the sample is shown in the tabulations. Schedules were not automatically rejected from the tabulations because of large balancing differences.

To summarize, the account-balancing difference is a measure of net reporting discrepancy between receipts and disbursements. From the nature of the survey, it is not possible to say how much of the difference arises from inaccuracy in reporting expenditures, income, or changes in the family's savings or debt position. The primary emphasis throughout the survey was on a complete and reasonable record of expenditures, and if these conditions appeared to be satisfied, the standards for completeness of the savings and income record were less rigorous.

GUIDES TO INTERPRETING STATISTICAL SUMMARIES

The averages and percentages in the accompanying tables are based on all families included in each class, whether or not they reported receipts or disbursements for a particular item. Averages were calculated by dividing the aggregate amount of income, expenditures, or savings by the total number of families in the class. Since all averages for a class are based on a common divisor, they are additive.³

Averages are shown for all classes of families for which any observations are available, even though only a few families fall in a class. The number of families included in each class is shown in every tabulation, and it is assumed that the analyst will recognize the limitations of averages computed for small numbers of fam-

ilies. An advantage of this procedure is that the inclusion of all observations in the tabulations allows the analyst to regroup the data for his particular needs without loss of information and thus make maximum use of the data.

Particular care is required in using the averages for families low on the income scale. These averages are derived from the patterns of groups of families who may differ sharply in their spending patterns. In addition to the chronically poor and elderly families living on retirement incomes, there are many families whose farms showed a loss in the survey year but who maintained approximately their normal level of living.

Occasional apparent inconsistencies in the averages of income before and after taxes for small groups of families may be explained by the fact that income received and tax payments and tax refunds on this income are not reported within the same calendar year.

³ Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals. In all tables, the total for housing may include small expenditures on other properties that are not shown separately. (See **Definitions**.)

DEFINITIONS

Account-Balancing Difference. The difference between reported total receipts and reported total disbursements arising from reporting errors. Total receipts consist of income after taxes, other money receipts, and moneys or credit received from decreasing assets or increasing liabilities. Total disbursements consist of expenditures for current consumption, personal insurance, gifts and contributions, and outlays of money that resulted in increasing assets or decreasing liabilities.

Assets, Decreases in. Decreases in cash holdings, farm and other business investments (including inventories of crops and livestock), and money owed to the family; sale of owner-occupied dwellings, other real property, and personal property; sale or retirement of stocks and bonds; settlement or surrender of personal insurance policies; and decreases in other assets.

Assets, Increases in. Increases in cash holdings, farm and other business investments (including inventories of crops and livestock), and money owed to the family; purchase and improvement of dwellings and other real property; purchases of stocks and bonds; and increases in other assets.

Automobile Transportation. Share of purchase and operation of automobiles and trucks not assignable to farm or other business use. Purchase is net of trade-in allowances (or sale) and discounts, but includes financing charges.

Consumer Unit. See **Family**.

Dwellings, Owned. For farm dwellings, the respondent's estimate of the proportion of total taxes, interest, and insurance chargeable to dwelling rather than farm business; for nonfarm dwellings and vacation homes, taxes, insurance, and mortgage interest; and for farm and nonfarm dwellings, repairs. Excludes payments on mortgage principal and for home improvements, which are counted as decreases in liabilities.

Dwellings, Rented. Rent or respondent's estimate of rental value when dwelling was included in rent of farm. Also includes repairs paid for by family.

Education of Family Head. Years of school completed during or before the survey year, in elementary or high school, college, university, or professional school. Eight years or less corresponds to years or grades completed in elementary school; 9-12 years, to the completion of 1 to 4 years of high school; 13-16 years, to the completion of 1 to 4 years of college; and over 16 years, to postgraduate work after college. All persons in the latter class were recorded as

having completed 17 years of school. Persons who gave no information on the extent of their education were included in the class "8 years or less."

Expenditures for Current Consumption (or Current Living Expenses). The cost of goods and services for family living (including financing charges and sales and excise taxes) bought during the survey year, whether or not payments were completed during the year. Consumer durable goods such as automobiles and household equipment were considered consumption items, but purchase and sale of dwellings were considered as changes in assets. Family expenditures for items used partially for business, such as the car, were adjusted to exclude the amount chargeable to business use. The value of two nonmoney items—food and housing received as pay—were counted as money income and expenditures. Home-produced food is not included in expenditures.

Family. The family, or consumer unit, refers to: (1) a group of people usually living together who pooled their income and drew from a common fund for their major items of expense; or (2) a person who lived alone or in a household with others but was financially independent; i.e., his income was not pooled and his expenditures were not met from a common fund. Never-married children living with parents were always considered as members of the consumer unit. Information was recorded for the family as it existed in the survey year.

Family Head. In husband-wife families, the husband was considered the head. In other types of families, the person recognized as the head by other family members was so designated.

Family Size. The number of equivalent, full-year members, derived by dividing by 52 weeks the total number of weeks in the survey year during which both full-year and part-year members belonged to the family.

Family Type. Families were classified in seven types based on the relationship of family members and the age of the children of the head of the family, as follows:

Husband and wife, no other persons present.

Husband, wife, and children¹ only, oldest child under 6 years.

Husband, wife, and children¹ only, oldest child 6-17 years.

Husband, wife, and children¹ only, oldest child 18 years or over.

¹ Own, adopted, or stepchildren of head.

Husband, wife, with or without children,⁴ with other persons.

Broken families (one parent and children¹), no other persons.

All other consumer units, including one-person families.

Farm. This survey followed the definition used in the 1960 Census. Dwellings were classified as on farms if they were on places of 10 or more acres from which sales of farm products amounted to \$50 or more in 1961, or if sales were \$250 or more, regardless of acreage. The universe was all families living on farms.

Gifts and Contributions. Cash contributions to persons outside the family and to welfare, religious, educational, and other organizations; and the cost of goods and services purchased in the survey year and given to persons outside the family.

Household Operations. Laundry and laundry supplies, cleaning supplies, household paper supplies, domestic service, day nursery care, telephone and telegraph charges, postage, moving costs, and repairs to furnishings and equipment.

Housing, Total. For the regions but not for the United States, includes expenses on real estate not used for family business and not occupied or rented, which are not listed separately in the accompanying tables.

Liabilities, Decreases and Increases in. Changes in mortgage debt; money owed to banks, insurance companies, etc.; money owed for rent, taxes, automobiles, housefurnishings and equipment, and other goods and services; and changes in other liabilities.

Money Income After Taxes. Total income (see **Money Income Before Taxes**) after deduction of personal taxes (Federal, State, and local income taxes, poll taxes, and personal property taxes).

Money Income Before Taxes. Total income during the survey year of all family members from wages and salaries (including tips and bonuses) after deductions for such occupational expenses as tools, special required equipment, and union dues; net income from self-employment (including farming); and income other than earnings such as net rents, interest, dividends, Social Security benefits, pensions, disability insurance, trust funds, small gifts of cash, regular contributions for support, public assistance, or other governmental payments. The value of two nonmoney items—food and housing received as pay—was counted as money income and as expenditures. Farm income was

adjusted for a change in inventory of crops and livestock. The value of home-produced food did not enter into the computation of income.

Net Change in Assets and Liabilities. The algebraic sum of increases and decreases in assets and liabilities. Net increases in assets or decreases in liabilities represent a net saving during the year. Net decreases in assets or increases in liabilities represent a deficit(—) or net dissaving.

Number of Full-time Earners. A count of family members who were employed 48 weeks or more in the survey year, and for 35 hours or more per week in wage and salary occupations. All farm operators were counted as full-time earners if they operated the farm throughout the year. Members employed in industries where customary full-time employment is less than 48 weeks or 35 hours per week (e.g., school systems or airlines) were also counted as full-time earners. The minimum-hours requirement did not apply to self-employed workers in an unincorporated business or profession.

Occupation of Family Head. Generally, the occupation in which the head was employed for the largest number of weeks in the survey year. The classification was made in accordance with the 1960 Census of Population, *Alphabetical Index of Occupations and Industries*, except that the self-employed (including farmers, businessmen, professionals, and artisans) were separated from salaried managers, officials, and professional workers. Also members of the Armed Forces, living off base, and therefore eligible for the survey, were classified separately.

Since the operation of a farm was considered full-time employment, it was possible for a farm operator to have two full-time occupations. In this case, he was assigned the code of the occupation considered to be the major one in terms of earnings and the size of the farm operation. The class "retired" includes those wholly retired and those with earnings less than their retirement income.

Other Expenditures. Interest on personal loans, funeral expenses, legal expenses, bank service charges, money lost or stolen, allowances to children, all-expense tours, and similar expenses that cannot be allocated elsewhere.

Other Money Receipts. Inheritances and occasional large gifts of money less taxes, legal fees, and other expenses required to obtain such receipts; and net receipts from the lump-sum settlement of fire and accident insurance policies. Gifts and inheritances in the form of real estate, securities, and other property were not included unless they had been sold during the survey year.

⁴ Own, adopted, or stepchildren of head.

Other Shelter. Rented vacation homes and other lodging while away from home at school, work, or traveling.

Other Transportation. Public transportation; shared or rented car; purchase, rental, and operation of bicycles, motorcycles, scooters, trailers, boats, and planes.

Personal Insurance. Payments or deductions from pay for life, endowment, and annuity insurance; fraternal, union, and other mutual aid insurance; Social Security; and railroad, government, and other retirement plans. Employer's contributions are not included.

Race. The term "race" refers to the classification of families in three groups: White, Negro, and other. "Other" includes Japanese, Chinese, American Indians, and other nonwhite races except Negroes.

Recreation. Purchase and repair of televisions, radios, phonographs, musical instruments, and related items; spectator admissions to movies, sports events, concerts, etc.; dues, fees, and equipment for participant sports; club memberships; hobbies; pets; and toys and play equipment. Vacation and other recreational travel expenses are included in automobile and other transportation, food, and lodging away from home.

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area (SMSA). Except in New England, the county or group of contiguous counties that contains at least one city of 50,000 inhabitants or more, or twin cities with a combined population of at least 50,000. In addition to the county or counties containing such a city or cities, contiguous counties are included in an SMSA if they are essentially metropolitan in character and are socially and economically integrated with the central city. In New England, SMSA boundaries follow town lines.

Tenure. The tenure of the family at its principal place of residence during the entire survey year. Families who were owners part of the year and renters part of the year were classified as "Other."

Value of Items Received Without Expense. The estimated money value of goods and services received as gifts, in exchange for trading stamps, or from public or private welfare agencies, and of all goods and services received as pay except food and rent. Includes employer's contributions to health insurance plans. Does not include the value of home-produced food; this value will be shown in later tabulations.

TABLE 1
SUMMARY OF FAMILY EXPENDITURES, INCOME, AND SAVINGS, BY INCOME CLASS
ALL FARM FAMILIES AND SINGLE CONSUMERS - SOUTH, 1961

	TOTAL	MONEY INCOME AFTER TAXES									
		UNOER \$1,000	\$1,000 TO \$1,999	\$2,000 TO \$2,999	\$3,000 TO \$3,999	\$4,000 TO \$4,999	\$5,000 TO \$5,999	\$6,000 TO \$7,499	\$7,500 TO \$9,999	\$10,000 TO \$14,999	\$15,000 AND OVER
FAMILY CHARACTERISTICS											
ESTIMATED NO. OF FAMILIES IN UNIVERSE (000)	1,586	171	357	290	247	144	141	111	67	46	12
NUMBER OF FAMILIES IN SAMPLE	925	100	208	169	144	84	82	65	39	27	7
PERCENT OF FAMILIES	100.0	10.8	22.5	18.3	15.6	9.1	8.9	7.0	4.2	2.9	.8
AVERAGE											
FAMILY SIZE	3.7	2.4	3.2	3.9	4.3	3.8	4.4	4.6	4.4	4.2	4.0
MONEY INCOME BEFORE TAXES	\$ 3,803	\$ 201	\$ 1,544	\$ 2,565	\$ 3,580	\$ 4,644	\$ 5,788	\$ 7,244	\$ 9,174	\$ 12,801	\$ 26,914
NET CHANGE IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	\$ 243	\$ -1,156	\$ -277	\$ -41	\$ 26	\$ 622	\$ 377	\$ 790	\$ 2,546	\$ 3,102	\$ 12,046
NUMBER OF FULL-TIME EARNERS	1.1	.7	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.0
AGE OF HEAD	53	61	56	54	50	50	48	48	44	51	49
EDUCATION OF HEAD	8	6	6	7	8	9	9	10	11	11	12
NUMBER OF CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	1.4	.7	1.1	1.5	1.8	1.5	1.9	1.8	1.6	1.4	1.9
PERCENT											
HOMEOWNERS, ALL YEAR	68	56	60	65	69	71	83	77	69	89	100
AUTO OWNERS, END OF YEAR	85	50	76	84	95	99	96	97	100	100	100
NONWHITE	16	32	24	21	14	2	6	5			
REPORTING SAVINGS INCREASE	55	29	36	60	55	71	61	75	90	85	100
DECREASE	41	56	58	38	43	24	38	25	10	15	
NO CHANGE	4	15	6	2	2	5	1				
WITH CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	53	23	39	50	64	58	73	74	77	56	71
WITH PERSONS 65 YEARS AND OVER	29	41	40	31	22	21	23	15	10	26	29
AVERAGE INCOME, EXPENDITURES AND SAVINGS											
TOTAL RECEIPTS	\$ 5,025	\$ 2,060	\$ 2,324	\$ 3,556	\$ 4,546	\$ 5,876	\$ 7,504	\$ 9,178	\$ 9,846	\$ 15,412	\$ 28,170
MONEY INCOME AFTER TAXES	3,592	169	1,503	2,500	3,455	4,427	5,424	6,719	8,476	11,654	24,842
OTHER MONEY RECEIPTS	71	282	51	54	19	54	28	19	135	16	159
DECREASE IN ASSETS	1,143	1,412	676	880	866	1,123	1,712	1,791	946	3,476	2,880
INCREASE IN LIABILITIES	219	196	93	121	207	273	340	650	288	265	289
ACCOUNT-BALANCING DIFFERENCE	-55	59	-8	-20	-119	-122	-64	-103	-877	768	112
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS											
INCREASE IN ASSETS	1,414	396	428	837	925	1,850	2,109	2,937	3,352	6,446	11,524
DECREASE IN LIABILITIES	192	56	64	123	174	167	320	293	428	398	3,691
PERSONAL INSURANCE	149	61	45	84	140	161	258	288	469	438	641
GIFTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	168	57	68	106	139	203	238	338	399	538	1,256
EXPENDITURES FOR CURRENT CONSUMPTION	3,157	1,430	1,726	2,425	3,289	3,618	4,643	5,425	6,075	6,825	10,947
FOOD, TOTAL	760	415	484	662	764	916	1,030	1,192	1,301	1,270	2,104
FOOD PREPARED AT HOME	637	367	439	584	639	770	816	932	1,026	951	1,738
FOOD AWAY FROM HOME	123	49	46	77	125	146	213	259	276	319	366
TOBACCO	69	34	50	65	86	81	91	86	83	95	97
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES	19	12	12	23	16	26	25	18	37	13	79
HOUSING, TOTAL	772	358	437	573	819	902	1,118	1,237	1,430	1,657	3,551
SHELTER	247	131	140	175	233	252	368	387	518	565	1,534
RENTED DWELLING	76	40	67	71	81	105	72	93	141	74	
OWNED DWELLING	141	82	68	94	139	128	249	253	241	358	832
OTHER SHELTER	29	3	5	10	13	19	47	40	135	133	702
FUEL, LIGHT, REFRIGERATION, WATER	177	99	129	147	187	212	236	262	256	313	429
HOUSEHOLD OPERATIONS	149	65	71	97	154	189	222	240	311	332	1,008
HOUSEFURNISHINGS AND EQUIPMENT	196	63	96	152	243	242	286	340	343	414	569
CLOTHING, CLOTHING MATERIALS, SERVICES	376	131	192	284	403	370	559	701	806	929	1,373
PERSONAL CARE	104	42	60	85	118	115	153	170	204	194	264
MEDICAL CARE	271	143	173	232	270	311	376	483	386	432	1,035
RECREATION	96	30	44	68	112	105	146	177	219	215	358
READING	18	8	10	12	16	22	26	31	44	42	60
EDUCATION	33	14	9	13	25	26	61	71	138	123	102
TRANSPORTATION	575	199	221	357	605	667	956	1,151	1,299	1,740	1,704
AUTOMOBILE	553	193	212	341	575	641	911	1,111	1,251	1,726	1,654
OTHER TRAVEL AND TRANSPORTATION	22	6	9	16	30	27	45	40	49	14	50
OTHER EXPENDITURES	65	45	34	53	56	76	103	108	127	116	222
VALUE OF ITEMS RECEIVED WITHOUT EXPENSE											
FOOD	16	34	23	19	10	9	8	9	7	3	2
SHELTER	13	39	14	4	11	10	1	19	24		
OTHER	108	92	76	108	122	89	152	142	159	93	133
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION											
EXPENDITURES FOR CURRENT CONSUMPTION	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
FOOD, TOTAL	24.1	29.0	28.0	27.3	23.2	25.3	22.2	22.0	21.4	18.6	19.2
FOOD PREPARED AT HOME	20.2	25.7	25.4	24.1	19.4	21.3	17.6	17.2	16.9	13.9	15.9
FOOD AWAY FROM HOME	3.9	3.4	2.7	3.2	3.8	4.0	4.6	4.8	4.5	4.7	3.3
TOBACCO	2.2	2.4	2.9	2.7	2.6	2.2	2.0	1.6	1.4	1.4	.9
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES	.6	.8	.7	.9	.5	.7	.5	.3	.6	.2	.7
HOUSING, TOTAL	24.4	25.0	25.3	23.6	24.9	24.9	24.1	22.8	23.5	24.3	32.4
SHELTER	7.8	9.2	8.1	7.2	7.1	7.0	7.9	7.1	8.5	8.3	14.0
RENTED DWELLING	2.4	3.2	3.9	2.9	2.5	2.9	1.6	1.7	2.3	1.1	.0
OWNED DWELLING	4.5	5.7	3.9	3.9	4.2	3.5	5.4	4.7	4.0	5.2	7.6
OTHER SHELTER	.9	.2	.3	.4	.4	.5	1.0	.7	2.2	1.9	6.4
FUEL, LIGHT, REFRIGERATION, WATER	5.6	6.9	7.5	6.1	5.7	5.9	5.1	4.8	4.2	4.6	3.9
HOUSEHOLD OPERATIONS	4.7	4.5	4.1	4.0	4.7	5.2	4.8	4.4	5.1	4.9	9.2
HOUSEFURNISHINGS AND EQUIPMENT	6.2	4.4	5.6	6.3	7.4	6.7	6.2	6.3	5.6	6.1	5.2
CLOTHING, CLOTHING MATERIALS, SERVICES	11.9	9.2	11.1	11.7	12.3	10.2	12.0	12.9	13.3	13.6	12.5
PERSONAL CARE	3.3	2.9	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.2	3.3	3.1	3.4	2.8	2.4
MEDICAL CARE	8.6	10.0	10.0	9.6	8.2	8.6	8.1	8.9	6.4	6.3	9.4
RECREATION	3.0	2.1	2.5	2.8	3.4	2.9	3.1	3.3	3.6	3.1	3.3
READING	.6	.6	.6	.5	.5	.6	.6	.6	.7	.6	.5
EDUCATION	1.0	1.0	.5	.5	.8	.7	1.3	1.3	2.3	1.8	.9
TRANSPORTATION	18.2	13.9	12.8	14.7	18.4	18.4	20.6	21.2	21.4	25.5	15.6
AUTOMOBILE	17.5	13.5	12.3	14.1	17.5	17.7	19.6	20.5	20.6	25.3	15.1
OTHER TRAVEL AND TRANSPORTATION	.7	.4	.5	.7	.9	.7	1.0	.7	.8	.2	.5
OTHER EXPENDITURES	2.1	3.1	2.0	2.2	1.7	2.1	2.2	2.0	2.1	1.7	2.0

TABLE 2
SUMMARY OF FAMILY EXPENDITURES, INCOME, AND SAVINGS, BY FAMILY SIZE
ALL FARM FAMILIES AND SINGLE CONSUMERS - SOUTH, 1961

	TOTAL	FAMILY SIZE					
		SINGLE CONSUMER	2 PERSONS	3 PERSONS	4 PERSONS	5 PERSONS	6 OR MORE
FAMILY CHARACTERISTICS							
ESTIMATED NO. OF FAMILIES IN UNIVERSE (000)	1,586	99	509	314	228	149	286
NUMBER OF FAMILIES IN SAMPLE	925	58	297	183	133	87	167
PERCENT OF FAMILIES	100.0	6.3	32.1	19.8	14.4	9.4	18.1
AVERAGE							
FAMILY SIZE	3.7	1.0	2.0	3.1	4.1	5.1	7.6
MONEY INCOME BEFORE TAXES	\$ 3,803	\$ 1,433	\$ 3,104	\$ 3,969	\$ 4,753	\$ 4,815	\$ 4,402
NET CHANGE IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	\$ 243	\$ 179	\$ 297	\$ 342	\$ 327	\$ -4	\$ 125
NUMBER OF FULL-TIME EARNERS	1.1	.7	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.5
AGE OF HEAD	53	65	60	53	45	45	44
EDUCATION OF HEAD	8	6	8	7	9	9	7
NUMBER OF CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	1.4		.1	.6	1.7	2.4	4.5
PERCENT							
HOMEOWNERS, ALL YEAR	68	57	79	69	65	64	53
AUTO OWNERS, END OF YEAR	85	38	85	90	93	91	87
NONWHITE	16	31	9	11	8	16	34
REPORTING SAVINGS INCREASE	55	57	56	55	57	63	47
DECREASE	41	24	41	42	41	35	49
NO CHANGE	4	19	4	3	2	2	4
WITH CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	53		7	55	88	97	99
WITH PERSONS 65 YEARS AND OVER	29	50	45	32	14	13	11
AVERAGE INCOME, EXPENDITURES AND SAVINGS							
TOTAL RECEIPTS	\$ 5,025	\$ 1,727	\$ 4,218	\$ 4,936	\$ 6,346	\$ 6,907	\$ 6,669
MONEY INCOME AFTER TAXES	3,592	1,369	2,890	3,749	4,421	4,592	4,257
OTHER MONEY RECEIPTS	71		75	40	195	73	21
DECREASE IN ASSETS	1,143	354	1,109	941	1,371	2,030	1,054
INCREASE IN LIABILITIES	219	4	143	206	360	212	336
ACCOUNT-BALANCING DIFFERENCE	-55	-28	-22	12	-261	-88	-18
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS							
INCREASE IN ASSETS	1,414	513	1,447	1,190	1,714	2,053	1,341
DECREASE IN LIABILITIES	192	24	102	298	345	184	174
PERSONAL INSURANCE	149	33	100	125	262	231	170
GIFTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	168	115	193	175	193	167	114
EXPENDITURES FOR CURRENT CONSUMPTION	3,157	1,069	2,397	3,136	4,094	4,359	3,887
FOOD, TOTAL	760	308	535	753	903	998	1,085
FOOD PREPARED AT HOME	637	249	476	650	722	797	891
FOOD AWAY FROM HOME	123	59	59	104	180	201	194
TOBACCO	69	33	55	70	67	96	91
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES	19	11	13	24	15	21	29
HOUSING, TOTAL	772	322	649	776	1,031	1,081	777
SHELTER	247	100	210	237	363	356	224
RENTED DWELLING	76	39	53	73	120	92	90
OWNED DWELLING	141	57	149	147	172	188	101
OTHER SHELTER	29	4	8	16	70	75	33
FUEL, LIGHT, REFRIGERATION, WATER	177	77	172	174	206	223	179
HOUSEHOLD OPERATIONS	149	95	118	140	203	221	150
HOUSEFURNISHINGS AND EQUIPMENT	196	50	145	222	257	277	219
CLOTHING, CLOTHING MATERIALS, SERVICES	376	83	199	349	510	577	609
PERSONAL CARE	104	21	71	108	137	145	142
MEDICAL CARE	271	103	268	287	343	290	249
RECREATION	96	21	69	92	126	131	132
READING	18	7	19	16	25	23	13
EDUCATION	33		4	24	80	69	49
TRANSPORTATION	575	143	441	572	778	856	661
AUTOMOBILE	553	130	429	560	714	829	639
OTHER TRAVEL AND TRANSPORTATION	22	13	12	11	63	27	22
OTHER EXPENDITURES	65	17	75	63	80	71	50
VALUE OF ITEMS RECEIVED WITHOUT EXPENSE							
FOOD	137	148	110	128	139	136	188
SHELTER	16	23	13	6	14	17	33
OTHER	13	43	17	8	11	7	6
	108	82	80	115	115	113	149
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION							
EXPENDITURES FOR CURRENT CONSUMPTION	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
FOOD, TOTAL	24.1	28.8	22.3	24.0	22.1	22.9	27.9
FOOD PREPARED AT HOME	20.2	23.3	19.9	20.7	17.6	18.3	22.9
FOOD AWAY FROM HOME	3.9	5.5	2.5	3.3	4.4	4.6	5.0
TOBACCO	2.2	3.1	2.3	2.2	1.6	2.2	2.3
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES	.6	1.0	.5	.8	.4	.5	.7
HOUSING, TOTAL	24.4	30.1	27.1	24.7	25.2	24.8	20.0
SHELTER	7.8	9.4	8.8	7.6	8.9	8.2	5.8
RENTED DWELLING	2.4	3.6	2.2	2.3	2.9	2.1	2.3
OWNED DWELLING	4.5	5.3	6.2	4.7	4.2	4.3	2.6
OTHER SHELTER	.9	.4	.3	.5	1.7	1.7	.8
FUEL, LIGHT, REFRIGERATION, WATER	5.6	7.2	7.2	5.5	5.0	5.1	4.6
HOUSEHOLD OPERATIONS	4.7	8.9	4.9	4.5	5.0	5.1	3.9
HOUSEFURNISHINGS AND EQUIPMENT	6.2	4.7	6.0	7.1	6.3	6.4	5.6
CLOTHING, CLOTHING MATERIALS, SERVICES	11.9	7.8	8.3	11.1	12.5	13.2	15.7
PERSONAL CARE	3.3	2.0	3.0	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.7
MEDICAL CARE	8.6	9.6	11.2	9.1	8.4	6.7	6.4
RECREATION	3.0	2.0	2.9	2.9	3.1	3.0	3.4
READING	.6	.7	.8	.5	.6	.5	.3
EDUCATION	1.0	.0	.2	.8	2.0	1.6	1.3
TRANSPORTATION	18.2	13.4	18.4	18.2	19.0	19.6	17.0
AUTOMOBILE	17.5	12.2	17.9	17.9	17.4	19.0	16.4
OTHER TRAVEL AND TRANSPORTATION	.7	1.2	.5	.4	1.5	.6	.6
OTHER EXPENDITURES	2.1	1.6	3.1	2.0	2.0	1.6	1.3

TABLE 3
SUMMARY OF FAMILY EXPENDITURES, INCOME, AND SAVINGS, BY AGE OF FAMILY HEAD
ALL FARM FAMILIES AND SINGLE CONSUMERS - SOUTH, 1961

	TOTAL	UNOER 25	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75 AND OVER
FAMILY CHARACTERISTICS								
ESTIMATED NO. OF FAMILIES IN UNIVERSE (000)	1,586	29	154	274	417	369	249	94
NUMBER OF FAMILIES IN SAMPLE	925	17	90	160	243	215	145	55
PERCENT OF FAMILIES	100.0	1.8	9.7	17.3	26.3	23.2	15.7	5.9
AVERAGE								
FAMILY SIZE	3.7	3.4	4.6	5.5	4.2	2.8	2.6	2.0
MONEY INCOME BEFORE TAXES	\$ 3,803	\$ 3,150	\$ 3,773	\$ 4,904	\$ 4,570	\$ 3,214	\$ 2,893	\$ 2,158
NET CHANGE IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	\$ 243	\$ -13	\$ 152	\$ 385	\$ 281	\$ 256	\$ 145	\$ 107
NUMB8R CF FULL-TIME EARNERS	1.1	.8	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.1	1.1	.8
AGE OF HEAD	53	22	30	40	49	59	69	79
EDUCATION OF HEAD	8	10	9	9	8	7	7	5
NUMBER OF CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	1.4	1.5	2.7	3.1	1.6	.6	.3	
PERCENT								
HOMEOWNERS, ALL YEAR	68	18	42	61	69	74	79	82
AUTO OWNERS, END OF YEAR	85	88	90	88	92	87	79	44
NONWHITE	16		18	19	17	16	11	15
REPORTING SAVINGS INCREASE	55	47	52	61	57	51	57	45
DECREASE	41	53	48	34	40	45	41	36
NO CHANGE	4			5	3	4	3	18
WITH CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	53	88	92	87	63	33	18	2
WITH PERSONS 65 YEARS AND OVER	29	6	6	6	10	13	100	100
AVERAGE INCOME, EXPENDITURES AND SAVINGS								
TOTAL RECEIPTS	\$ 5,025	\$ 4,560	\$ 5,597	\$ 6,638	\$ 5,819	\$ 4,131	\$ 3,938	\$ 2,380
MONEY INCOME AFTER TAXES	3,592	2,998	3,591	4,652	4,270	3,028	2,778	2,040
OTHER MONEY RECEIPTS	71	153	175	53	71	65	50	2
DECREASE IN ASSETS	1,143	909	1,262	1,705	1,237	876	1,023	329
INCREASE IN LIABILITIES	219	499	568	228	241	162	87	9
ACCOUNT-BALANCING DIFFERENCE	-55	-69	-138	17	-186	-132	186	112
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS								
INCREASE IN ASSETS	1,414	1,195	1,731	2,094	1,527	1,070	1,185	430
DECREASE IN LIABILITIES	192	200	251	224	232	223	70	15
PERSONAL INSURANCE	149	59	153	222	202	119	70	48
GIFTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	168	61	105	166	201	167	173	153
EXPENDITURES FOR CURRENT CONSUMPTION	3,157	3,114	3,494	3,915	3,843	2,684	2,254	1,622
FOOD, TOTAL	760	761	862	970	908	622	545	431
FOOD PREPARED AT HOME	637	653	730	767	731	541	502	410
FOOD AWAY FROM HOME	123	108	132	203	177	80	43	21
TOBACCO	69	69	76	83	86	60	47	28
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES	19	8	24	18	25	17	15	8
HOUSING, TOTAL	772	719	896	892	915	652	615	491
SHELTER	247	288	277	281	301	208	203	107
RENTED DWELLING	76	243	145	90	89	52	38	10
OWNED DWELLING	141	45	128	134	167	131	160	90
OTHER SHELTER	29		4	56	45	25	5	7
FUEL, LIGHT, REFRIGERATION, WATER	177	132	188	187	196	165	162	154
HOUSEHOLD OPERATIONS	149	121	193	194	160	125	101	122
HOUSEFURNISHINGS AND EQUIPMENT	196	178	232	227	254	153	141	108
CLOTHING, CLOTHING MATERIALS, SERVICES	376	326	428	566	499	266	196	113
PERSONAL CARE	104	114	114	147	128	84	64	39
MEDICAL CARE	271	220	212	288	298	264	259	275
RECREATION	96	157	148	135	114	63	52	42
READING	18	9	17	21	20	16	15	16
EDUCATION	33	1	16	40	62	32	5	
TRANSPORTATION	575	709	639	698	718	551	355	117
AUTOMOBILE	553	697	601	672	693	535	332	113
OTHER TRAVEL AND TRANSPORTATION	22	12	38	26	24	16	23	5
OTHER EXPENDITURES	65	21	61	55	70	57	86	64
VALUE OF ITEMS RECEIVED WITHOUT EXPENSE								
FOOD	137	179	169	147	132	106	137	184
SHELTER	16	4	20	14	21	10	19	17
OTHER	13	36	15	9	6	9	27	25
OTHER	108	139	133	124	105	88	91	142
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION								
EXPENDITURES FOR CURRENT CONSUMPTION	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
FOOD, TOTAL	24.1	24.4	24.7	24.8	23.6	23.2	24.2	26.6
FOOD PREPARED AT HOME	20.2	21.0	20.9	19.6	19.0	20.2	22.3	25.3
FOOD AWAY FROM HOME	3.9	3.5	3.8	5.2	4.6	3.0	1.9	1.3
TOBACCO	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.1	1.7
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES	.6	.3	.7	.5	.7	.6	.7	.5
HOUSING, TOTAL	24.4	23.1	25.6	22.8	23.8	24.3	27.3	30.3
SHELTER	7.8	9.2	7.9	7.2	7.8	7.7	9.0	6.6
RENTED DWELLING	2.4	7.8	4.1	2.3	2.3	1.9	1.7	.6
OWNED DWELLING	4.5	1.4	3.7	3.4	4.3	4.9	7.1	5.5
OTHER SHELTER	.9	.0	.1	1.4	1.2	.9	.2	.4
FUEL, LIGHT, REFRIGERATION, WATER	5.6	4.2	5.4	4.8	5.1	6.1	7.2	9.5
HOUSEHOLD OPERATIONS	4.7	3.9	5.5	5.0	4.2	4.7	4.5	7.5
HOUSEFURNISHINGS AND EQUIPMENT	6.2	5.7	6.6	5.8	6.6	5.7	6.3	6.7
CLOTHING, CLOTHING MATERIALS, SERVICES	11.9	10.5	12.2	14.5	13.0	9.9	8.7	7.0
PERSONAL CARE	3.3	3.7	3.3	3.8	3.3	3.1	2.8	2.4
MEDICAL CARE	8.6	7.1	6.1	7.4	7.8	9.8	11.5	17.0
RECREATION	3.0	5.0	4.2	3.4	3.0	2.3	2.3	2.6
READING	.6	.3	.5	.5	.5	.6	.7	1.0
EDUCATION	1.0	.0	.5	1.0	1.6	1.2	.2	.0
TRANSPORTATION	18.2	22.8	18.3	17.8	18.7	20.5	15.7	7.2
AUTOMOBILE	17.5	22.4	17.2	17.2	18.0	19.9	14.7	7.0
OTHER TRAVEL AND TRANSPORTATION	.7	.4	1.1	.7	.6	.6	1.0	.3
OTHER EXPENDITURES	2.1	.7	1.7	1.4	1.8	2.1	3.8	3.9

TABLE 4

SUMMARY OF FAMILY EXPENDITURES, INCOME, AND SAVINGS, BY OCCUPATION OF FAMILY HEAD

ALL FARM FAMILIES AND SINGLE CONSUMERS - SOUTH, 1961

	TOTAL	SELF- EMPL'D	SALARIED PROF'L'S, OFF'L'S	CLERI- CAL, SALES	WAGE EARNERS			OCCUPA- TION NOT REPORTED	IN ARMED FORCES	NOT WORKING	
					SKILLED	SEMI- SKILLED	UN- SKILLED			RETIRED	OTHERS
FAMILY CHARACTERISTICS											
ESTIMATED NO. OF FAMILIES IN UNIVERSE (000)	1,586	929	72	27	93	94	178		3	151	38
NUMBER OF FAMILIES IN SAMPLE	925	542	42	16	54	55	104	0	2	88	22
PERCENT OF FAMILIES	100.0	58.6	4.5	1.7	5.8	5.9	11.2		.2	9.5	2.4
AVERAGE											
FAMILY SIZE	3.7	3.7	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.7		4.5	2.1	3.0
MONEY INCOME BEFORE TAXES	\$ 3,803	\$ 3,753	\$ 6,283	\$ 6,388	\$ 5,363	\$ 4,899	\$ 2,872		\$ 6,610	\$ 1,973	\$ 3,296
NET CHANGE IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	\$ 243	\$ 268	\$ 529	\$ 245	\$ 407	\$ 332	\$ 52		\$ 201	\$ 26	\$ 245
NUMBER OF FULL-TIME EARNERS	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.1	.9		1.0	.6	.7
AGE OF HEAD	53	53	47	39	44	43	45		36	71	62
EDUCATION OF HEAD	8	8	11	13	10	8	6		14	6	7
NUMBER OF CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	1.4	1.3	1.7	2.0	1.7	1.9	2.5		2.5	.1	.9
PERCENT											
HOMEOWNERS, ALL YEAR	68	72	60	88	85	67	31		100	77	50
AUTO OWNERS, END OF YEAR	85	87	98	100	98	95	79		100	63	64
NONWHITE	16	15	5		4	5	37			16	23
REPORTING SAVINGS INCREASE	55	55	69	69	57	62	50		50	49	50
DECREASE	41	43	29	31	41	36	43		50	40	36
NO CHANGE	4	3	2		2	2	7			11	14
WITH CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	53	50	71	81	74	76	68		100	10	36
WITH PERSONS 65 YEARS AND OVER	29	28	17	6	6	5	7			92	59
AVERAGE INCOME, EXPENDITURES AND SAVINGS											
TOTAL RECEIPTS	\$ 5,025	\$ 5,211	\$ 6,977	\$ 8,583	\$ 6,621	\$ 5,832	\$ 3,452		\$ 6,595	\$ 2,898	\$ 3,985
MONEY INCOME AFTER TAXES	3,592	3,556	5,757	5,923	4,960	4,528	2,775		6,059	1,943	3,166
OTHER MONEY RECEIPTS	71	82	179		22		111			1	25
DECREASE IN ASSETS	1,143	1,361	647	1,318	1,462	1,136	330		88	902	732
INCREASE IN LIABILITIES	219	211	394	1,342	178	168	236		448	52	62
ACCUMULATED BALANCING DIFFERENCE	-55	-56	-100	-76	-78	-238	-84		-140	20	407
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS	5,086	5,266	7,077	8,659	6,700	6,070	3,536		6,735	2,878	3,578
INCREASE IN ASSETS	1,414	1,629	1,172	2,575	1,875	1,474	430		548	958	1,010
DECREASE IN LIABILITIES	192	211	398	330	172	163	187		188	22	29
PERSONAL INSURANCE	149	144	312	440	203	225	107		483	31	77
GIFTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	168	163	220	344	272	163	86		313	134	313
EXPENDITURES FOR CURRENT CONSUMPTION	3,157	3,119	4,975	4,969	4,178	4,045	2,725		5,203	1,735	2,149
FOOD, TOTAL	760	730	1,179	1,184	962	980	768		1,316	444	501
FOOD PREPARED AT HOME	637	615	976	861	778	797	635		1,080	421	429
FOOD AWAY FROM HOME	123	115	203	323	183	184	133		236	23	73
TOBACCO	69	64	88	57	97	86	94		85	39	51
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES	19	19	25	9	28	27	14		57	9	12
HOUSING, TOTAL	772	783	1,117	1,181	983	1,016	572		1,360	496	431
SHELTER	247	256	396	348	259	342	183		518	136	93
RENTED DWELLING	76	76	137	38	43	72	139			19	25
OWNED DWELLING	141	151	188	301	173	265	29		518	113	68
OTHER SHELTER	29	29	70	9	43	65	15			4	
FUEL, LIGHT, REFRIGERATION, WATER	177	185	228	255	210	183	116		447	149	117
HOUSEHOLD OPERATIONS	149	147	256	257	195	190	113		318	90	79
HOUSEFURNISHINGS AND EQUIPMENT	196	190	226	318	312	301	159		77	118	142
CLOTHING, CLOTHING MATERIALS, SERVICES	376	372	582	700	558	499	353		383	122	215
PERSONAL CARE	104	103	189	188	149	122	92		108	45	61
MEDICAL CARE	271	288	328	352	303	258	171		422	222	294
RECREATION	96	86	153	234	148	150	97		157	47	59
READING	18	18	30	32	23	20	11		65	14	7
EDUCATION	33	36	55	42	61	35	18		48	3	20
TRANSPORTATION	575	566	1,149	881	801	862	478		1,074	241	266
AUTOMOBILE	553	546	1,117	782	716	770	464		1,073	221	249
OTHER TRAVEL AND TRANSPORTATION	22	14	31	99	86	32	15		1	21	17
OTHER EXPENDITURES	65	61	80	110	64	49	56		129	52	231
VALUE OF ITEMS RECEIVED WITHOUT EXPENSE	137	121	185	151	125	155	147		355	171	222
FOOD	16	15	15	3	19	21	17		5	25	21
SHELTER	13	5	14		10	20	20			47	39
OTHER	108	101	156	148	96	113	111		350	99	161
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION											
EXPENDITURES FOR CURRENT CONSUMPTION	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		100.0	100.0	100.0
FOOD, TOTAL	24.1	23.4	23.7	23.8	23.0	24.2	28.2		25.3	25.6	23.3
FOOD PREPARED AT HOME	20.2	19.7	19.6	17.3	18.6	19.7	23.3		20.7	24.3	20.0
FOOD AWAY FROM HOME	3.9	3.7	4.1	6.5	4.4	4.5	4.9		4.5	1.3	3.4
TOBACCO	2.2	2.1	1.8	1.1	2.3	2.1	3.4		1.6	2.2	2.4
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES	.6	.6	.5	.2	.7	.7	.5		1.1	.5	.6
HOUSING, TOTAL	24.4	25.1	22.5	23.8	23.5	25.1	21.0		26.1	28.6	20.1
SHELTER	7.8	8.2	8.0	7.0	6.2	8.5	6.7		10.0	7.8	4.3
RENTED DWELLING	2.4	2.4	2.8	.8	1.0	1.8	5.1		.0	1.1	1.2
OWNED DWELLING	4.5	4.8	3.8	6.1	4.1	5.1	1.1		10.0	6.5	3.2
OTHER SHELTER	.9	.9	1.4	.2	1.0	1.6	.6		.0	.2	.0
FUEL, LIGHT, REFRIGERATION, WATER	5.6	5.9	4.6	5.1	5.0	4.5	4.3		8.6	8.6	5.4
HOUSEHOLD OPERATIONS	4.7	4.7	5.1	5.2	4.7	4.7	4.1		6.1	5.2	3.7
HOUSEFURNISHINGS AND EQUIPMENT	6.2	6.1	4.5	6.4	7.5	7.4	5.8		1.5	6.8	6.6
CLOTHING, CLOTHING MATERIALS, SERVICES	11.9	11.9	11.7	14.1	13.4	12.3	13.0		7.4	7.0	10.0
PERSONAL CARE	3.3	3.3	3.8	3.8	3.6	3.0	3.4		2.1	2.6	2.8
MEDICAL CARE	8.6	9.2	6.6	7.1	7.3	6.4	6.3		8.1	12.8	13.7
RECREATION	3.0	2.8	3.1	4.7	3.5	3.7	3.6		3.0	2.7	2.7
READING	.6	.6	.6	.6	.6	.5	.4		1.2	.8	.3
EDUCATION	1.0	1.2	1.1	.8	1.5	.9	.7		.9	.2	.9
TRANSPORTATION	18.2	18.0	23.1	17.7	19.2	19.8	17.5		20.6	13.9	12.4
AUTOMOBILE	17.5	17.5	22.5	15.7	17.1	19.0	17.0		20.6	12.7	11.6
OTHER TRAVEL AND TRANSPORTATION	.7	.4	.6	2.0	2.1	.8	.6		.0	1.2	.8
OTHER EXPENDITURES	2.1	2.0	1.6	2.2	1.5	1.2	2.1		2.5	3.0	10.7

TABLE 5
SUMMARY OF FAMILY EXPENDITURES, INCOME, AND SAVINGS, BY TENURE OF FAMILY DWELLING
ALL FARM FAMILIES AND SINGLE CONSUMERS - SOUTH, 1961

	TOTAL	OWNER ALL YEAR	RENTER ALL YEAR	OTHER
FAMILY CHARACTERISTICS				
ESTIMATED NO. OF FAMILIES IN UNIVERSE (000)	1,586	1,071	490	24
NUMBER OF FAMILIES IN SAMPLE	925	625	286	14
PERCENT OF FAMILIES	100.0	67.6	30.9	1.5
AVERAGE				
FAMILY SIZE	3.7	3.4	4.4	4.1
MCNEY INCOME BEFORE TAXES	\$ 3,803	\$ 4,251	\$ 2,906	\$ 2,134
NET CHANGE IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	\$ 243	\$ 332	\$ 59	\$ 54
NUMBER OF FULL-TIME EARNERS	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.1
AGE OF HEAD	53	55	48	40
EDUCATION OF HEAD	8	8	6	8
NUMBER OF CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	1.4	1.1	2.0	1.9
PERCENT				
HOMEOWNERS, ALL YEAR	68	100		
AUTO OWNERS, END OF YEAR	85	91	71	93
NONWHITE	16	8	34	7
REPORTING SAVINGS INCREASE	55	58	49	57
DECREASE	41	40	43	43
NO CHANGE	4	2	9	
WITH CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	53	47	63	79
WITH PERSONS 65 YEARS AND OVER	29	34	19	21
AVERAGE INCOME, EXPENDITURES AND SAVINGS				
TOTAL RECEIPTS	\$ 5,025	\$ 5,549	\$ 3,608	\$ 10,543
MCNEY INCOME AFTER TAXES	3,592	3,990	2,803	1,920
OTHER MCNEY RECEIPTS	71	38	91	1,115
DECREASE IN ASSETS	1,143	1,318	472	7,017
INCREASE IN LIABILITIES	219	203	242	492
ACCOUNT-BALANCING DIFFERENCE	-55	-56	-32	-493
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS				
INCREASE IN ASSETS	5,080	5,606	3,640	11,036
DECREASE IN LIABILITIES	1,414	1,642	637	7,085
PERSONAL INSURANCE	192	211	135	477
GIFTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	149	166	111	183
EXPENDITURES FOR CURRENT CONSUMPTION	168	205	88	141
FODD, TOTAL	3,157	3,382	2,668	3,150
FODD PREPARED AT HOME	760	773	730	796
FODD AWAY FROM HOME	637	653	601	641
TOBACCO	123	120	129	154
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES	69	63	80	62
HOUSING, TOTAL	19	17	21	38
SHELTER	772	836	624	984
RENTED DWELLING	247	243	255	242
OWNED DWELLING	76	1	242	61
OTHER SHELTER	141	205		172
FUEL, LIGHT, REFRIGERATION, WATER	29	37	12	9
HOUSEHOLD OPERATIONS	177	202	121	204
HOUSEFURNISHINGS AND EQUIPMENT	149	169	103	181
CLOTHING, CLOTHING MATERIALS, SERVICES	196	217	141	357
PERSONAL CARE	376	403	317	351
MEDICAL CARE	104	110	93	95
RECREATION	271	307	192	258
READING	96	100	88	71
EDUCATION	18	21	10	15
TRANSPORTATION	33	38	22	15
AUTOMOBILE	575	639	442	443
OTHER TRAVEL AND TRANSPORTATION	553	616	422	434
OTHER EXPENDITURES	22	23	21	9
VALUE OF ITEMS RECEIVED WITHOUT EXPENSE	65	74	48	20
FODD	137	119	177	128
SHELTER	16	13	25	6
OTHER	13	4	31	20
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	108	102	121	102
EXPENDITURES FOR CURRENT CONSUMPTION				
FODD, TOTAL	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
FODD PREPARED AT HOME	24.1	22.8	27.4	25.3
FODD AWAY FROM HOME	20.2	19.3	22.5	20.3
TOBACCO	3.9	3.5	4.8	4.9
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES	2.2	1.9	3.0	2.0
HOUSING, TOTAL	.6	.5	.8	1.2
SHELTER	24.4	24.7	23.4	31.2
RENTED DWELLING	7.8	7.2	9.6	7.7
OWNED DWELLING	2.4	.0	9.1	1.9
OTHER SHELTER	4.5	6.1	.0	5.5
FUEL, LIGHT, REFRIGERATION, WATER	.9	1.1	.4	.3
HOUSEHOLD OPERATIONS	5.6	6.0	4.5	6.5
HOUSEFURNISHINGS AND EQUIPMENT	4.7	5.0	2.9	5.7
CLOTHING, CLOTHING MATERIALS, SERVICES	6.2	6.4	5.3	11.3
PERSONAL CARE	11.9	11.9	11.9	11.1
MEDICAL CARE	3.3	3.3	3.5	3.0
RECREATION	8.6	9.1	7.2	8.2
READING	3.0	3.0	3.3	2.3
EDUCATION	.6	.6	.4	.5
TRANSPORTATION	1.0	1.1	.8	.5
AUTOMOBILE	18.2	18.9	16.6	14.1
OTHER TRAVEL AND TRANSPORTATION	17.5	18.2	15.8	13.8
OTHER EXPENDITURES	.7	.7	.8	.3
	2.1	2.2	1.8	.6

TABLE 6

SUMMARY OF FAMILY EXPENDITURES, INCOME, AND SAVINGS, BY EDUCATION OF FAMILY HEAD

ALL FARM FAMILIES AND SINGLE CONSUMERS - SOUTH, 1961

	TOTAL	YEARS OF EDUCATION OF FAMILY HEAD			
		8 OR LESS	9-12	13-16	OVER 16
FAMILY CHARACTERISTICS					
ESTIMATED NO. OF FAMILIES IN UNIVERSE (DDO)	1,586	1,013	473	84	15
NUMBER OF FAMILIES IN SAMPLE	925	591	276	49	9
PERCENT OF FAMILIES	100.0	63.9	29.8	5.3	1.0
AVERAGE					
FAMILY SIZE	3.7	3.8	3.7	3.6	4.0
MONEY INCOME BEFORE TAXES	\$ 3,803	\$ 2,972	\$ 4,910	\$ 6,769	\$ 8,255
NET CHANGE IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	\$ 243	\$ 117	\$ 330	\$ 1,067	\$ 1,411
NUMBER OF FULL-TIME EARNERS	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.3
AGE OF HEAD	53	56	47	47	51
EDUCATION OF HEAD	8	5	11	15	17
NUMBER OF CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.4
PERCENT					
HOMEOWNERS, ALL YEAR	68	62	78	80	89
AUTO OWNERS, END OF YEAR	85	79	95	98	100
NONWHITE	16	23	5		11
REPORTING SAVINGS INCREASE	55	52	60	65	44
DECREASE	41	43	39	33	56
NO CHANGE	4	6	1	2	
WITH CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	53	48	61	67	44
WITH PERSONS 65 YEARS AND OVER	29	34	20	20	33
AVERAGE INCOME, EXPENDITURES AND SAVINGS					
TOTAL RECEIPTS	\$ 5,025	\$ 3,717	\$ 7,185	\$ 7,878	\$ 9,105
MONEY INCOME AFTER TAXES	3,592	2,839	4,602	6,254	7,508
OTHER MONEY RECEIPTS	71	42	141	36	
DECREASE IN ASSETS	1,143	667	2,148	1,296	767
INCREASE IN LIABILITIES	219	168	295	292	831
ACCOUNT-BALANCING DIFFERENCE	-55	33	-130	-594	-638
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS					
INCREASE IN ASSETS	1,414	833	2,425	2,449	2,922
DECREASE IN LIABILITIES	192	119	348	206	87
PERSONAL INSURANCE	149	90	237	336	281
GIFTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	168	111	261	293	366
EXPENDITURES FOR CURRENT CONSUMPTION	3,157	2,530	4,044	5,188	6,087
FOOD, TOTAL	760	667	899	1,046	1,029
FOOD PREPARED AT HOME	637	567	738	871	827
FOOD AWAY FROM HOME	123	100	161	175	202
TOBACCO	69	67	73	65	56
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES	19	15	26	22	
HOUSING, TOTAL	772	595	1,010	1,470	1,371
SHELTER	247	178	337	517	493
RENTED DWELLING	76	74	79	83	100
OWNED DWELLING	141	93	221	255	282
OTHER SHELTER	29	11	38	180	111
FUEL, LIGHT, REFRIGERATION, WATER	177	147	226	254	262
HOUSEHOLD OPERATIONS	149	103	205	340	405
HOUSEFURNISHINGS AND EQUIPMENT	196	164	238	344	207
CLOTHING, CLOTHING MATERIALS, SERVICES	376	297	501	579	599
PERSONAL CARE	104	83	135	173	182
MEDICAL CARE	271	230	328	431	352
RECREATION	96	69	135	176	251
READING	18	12	25	43	47
EDUCATION	33	19	56	67	80
TRANSPORTATION	575	428	780	949	1,923
AUTOMOBILE	553	414	741	921	1,885
OTHER TRAVEL AND TRANSPORTATION	22	14	39	27	38
OTHER EXPENDITURES	65	49	76	169	196
VALUE OF ITEMS RECEIVED WITHOUT EXPENSE					
FOOD	16	21	9	6	8
SHELTER	13	14	11	20	
OTHER	108	98	109	182	316
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION					
EXPENDITURES FOR CURRENT CONSUMPTION	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
FOOD, TOTAL	24.1	26.4	22.2	20.2	16.9
FOOD PREPARED AT HOME	20.2	22.4	18.2	16.8	13.6
FOOD AWAY FROM HOME	3.9	4.0	4.0	3.4	3.3
TOBACCO	2.2	2.6	1.8	1.3	.9
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES	.6	.6	.6	.4	.0
HOUSING, TOTAL	24.4	23.5	25.0	28.3	22.5
SHELTER	7.8	7.0	8.3	10.0	8.1
RENTED DWELLING	2.4	2.9	2.0	1.6	1.6
OWNED DWELLING	4.5	3.7	5.5	4.9	4.6
OTHER SHELTER	.9	.4	.9	3.5	1.8
FUEL, LIGHT, REFRIGERATION, WATER	5.6	5.8	5.6	4.9	4.3
HOUSEHOLD OPERATIONS	4.7	4.1	5.1	6.6	6.7
HOUSEFURNISHINGS AND EQUIPMENT	6.2	6.5	5.9	6.6	3.4
CLOTHING, CLOTHING MATERIALS, SERVICES	11.9	11.7	12.4	11.2	9.8
PERSONAL CARE	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.0
MEDICAL CARE	8.6	9.1	8.1	8.3	5.8
RECREATION	3.0	2.7	3.3	3.4	4.1
READING	.6	.5	.6	.8	.8
EDUCATION	1.0	.8	1.4	1.3	1.3
TRANSPORTATION	18.2	16.9	19.3	18.3	31.6
AUTOMOBILE	17.5	16.4	18.3	17.7	31.0
OTHER TRAVEL AND TRANSPORTATION	.7	.6	1.0	.5	.6
OTHER EXPENDITURES	2.1	1.9	1.9	3.3	3.2

TABLE 7

SUMMARY OF FAMILY EXPENDITURES, INCOME, AND SAVINGS, BY RACE

ALL FARM FAMILIES AND SINGLE CONSUMERS - SOUTH, 1961

	TOTAL	WHITE	NEGRO	OTHER
FAMILY CHARACTERISTICS				
ESTIMATED NO. OF FAMILIES IN UNIVERSE (000)	1,586	1,332	254	
NUMBER OF FAMILIES IN SAMPLE	925	777	148	0
PERCENT OF FAMILIES	100.0	84.0	16.0	
AVERAGE				
FAMILY SIZE	3.7	3.5	5.6	
MONETARY INCOME BEFORE TAXES	\$ 3,803	\$ 4,124	\$ 2,119	
NET CHANGE IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	\$ 243	\$ 296	\$ -33	
NUMBER OF FULL-TIME EARNERS	1.1	1.1	1.1	
AGE OF HEAD	53	53	52	
EDUCATION OF HEAD	8	8	5	
NUMBER OF CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	1.4	1.2	2.4	
PERCENT				
HOMEOWNERS, ALL YEAR	68	74	34	
AUTO OWNERS, END OF YEAR	85	89	65	
NONWHITE	16		100	
REPORTING SAVINGS INCREASE	55	57	45	
DECREASE	41	40	44	
NO CHANGE	4	3	11	
WITH CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	53	52	59	
WITH PERSONS 65 YEARS AND OVER	29	36	24	
AVERAGE INCOME, EXPENDITURES AND SAVINGS				
TOTAL RECEIPTS	\$ 5,025	\$ 5,487	\$ 2,596	
MONETARY INCOME AFTER TAXES	3,592	3,878	2,086	
OTHER MONETARY RECEIPTS	71	82	14	
DECREASE IN ASSETS	1,143	1,301	313	
INCREASE IN LIABILITIES	219	226	183	
ACCOUNT-BALANCING DIFFERENCE	-55	-70	19	
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS	5,080	5,557	2,577	
INCREASE IN ASSETS	1,414	1,614	363	
DECREASE IN LIABILITIES	192	209	100	
PERSONAL INSURANCE	149	165	64	
GIFTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	168	189	55	
EXPENDITURES FOR CURRENT CONSUMPTION	3,157	3,379	1,995	
FOOD, TOTAL	760	794	578	
FOOD PREPARED AT HOME	637	665	488	
FOOD AWAY FROM HOME	123	129	91	
TOBACCO	69	72	52	
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES	19	18	21	
HOUSING, TOTAL	772	841	413	
SHELTER	247	272	115	
RENTED DWELLING	76	77	71	
OWNED DWELLING	141	162	31	
OTHER SHELTER	29	32	14	
FUEL, LIGHT, REFRIGERATION, WATER	177	194	90	
HOUSEHOLD OPERATIONS	149	165	66	
HOUSEFURNISHINGS AND EQUIPMENT	196	207	141	
CLOTHING, CLOTHING MATERIALS, SERVICES	376	390	300	
PERSONAL CARE	104	110	74	
MEDICAL CARE	271	298	130	
RECREATION	96	106	45	
READING	18	20	5	
EDUCATION	33	36	14	
TRANSPORTATION	575	623	324	
AUTOMOBILE	553	599	311	
OTHER TRAVEL AND TRANSPORTATION	22	24	13	
OTHER EXPENDITURES	65	70	39	
VALUE OF ITEMS RECEIVED WITHOUT EXPENSE	137	141	114	
FOOD	16	14	28	
SHELTER	13	13	15	
OTHER	108	115	71	
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION				
EXPENDITURES FOR CURRENT CONSUMPTION	100.0	100.0	100.0	
FOOD, TOTAL	24.1	23.5	29.0	
FOOD PREPARED AT HOME	20.2	19.7	24.5	
FOOD AWAY FROM HOME	3.9	3.8	4.6	
TOBACCO	2.2	2.1	2.6	
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES	.6	.5	1.1	
HOUSING, TOTAL	24.4	24.9	20.7	
SHELTER	7.8	8.0	5.8	
RENTED DWELLING	2.4	2.3	3.6	
OWNED DWELLING	4.5	4.8	1.6	
OTHER SHELTER	.9	.9	.7	
FUEL, LIGHT, REFRIGERATION, WATER	5.6	5.7	4.5	
HOUSEHOLD OPERATIONS	4.7	4.9	3.3	
HOUSEFURNISHINGS AND EQUIPMENT	6.2	6.1	7.1	
CLOTHING, CLOTHING MATERIALS, SERVICES	11.9	11.5	15.0	
PERSONAL CARE	3.3	3.3	3.7	
MEDICAL CARE	8.6	8.8	6.5	
RECREATION	3.0	3.1	2.3	
READING	.6	.6	.3	
EDUCATION	1.0	1.1	.7	
TRANSPORTATION	18.2	18.4	16.2	
AUTOMOBILE	17.5	17.7	15.6	
OTHER TRAVEL AND TRANSPORTATION	.7	.7	.7	
OTHER EXPENDITURES	2.1	2.1	2.0	

TABLE 8

SUMMARY OF FAMILY EXPENDITURES, INCOME, AND SAVINGS, BY FAMILY TYPE

ALL FARM FAMILIES AND SINGLE CONSUMERS - SOUTH, 1961

	TOTAL	HUSBAND- WIFE ONLY	H-W OLDEST CHILD			OTHER HUSBAND- WIFE	ONE PARENT, CHILDREN	ALL OTHER FAMILIES
			UNDER 6 YEARS	6-17 YEARS	18 YEARS AND OVER			
FAMILY CHARACTERISTICS								
ESTIMATED NO. OF FAMILIES IN UNIVERSE (000)	1,586	418	77	418	269	195	45	163
NUMBER OF FAMILIES IN SAMPLE	925	244	45	244	157	114	26	95
PERCENT OF FAMILIES	100.0	26.4	4.9	26.4	17.0	12.3	2.8	10.3
AVERAGE								
FAMILY SIZE	3.7	2.0	3.6	5.0	5.0	4.9	3.3	1.9
MONEY INCOME BEFORE TAXES	\$ 3,803	\$ 2,932	\$ 3,432	\$ 4,358	\$ 4,703	\$ 4,217	\$ 3,373	\$ 2,922
NET CHANGE IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	\$ 243	\$ 352	\$ -353	\$ 269	\$ -172	\$ 436	\$ 140	\$ 666
NUMBER OF FULL-TIME EARNERS	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.6	1.3	.8	1.0
AGE OF HEAD	53	61	29	44	54	52	56	61
EDUCATION OF HEAD	8	7	10	8	8	7	8	7
NUMBER OF CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	1.4		1.8	3.0	1.6	1.7	1.5	.2
PERCENT								
HOMEOWNERS, ALL YEAR	68	79	27	68	67	65	54	64
AUTO OWNERS, END OF YEAR	85	86	89	91	92	88	58	57
NONWHITE	16	9	9	12	16	28	35	26
REPORTING SAVINGS INCREASE	55	55	42	53	55	62	50	57
DECREASE	41	41	58	45	43	35	35	28
NO CHANGE	4	4		2	1	3	15	15
WITH CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	53		100	100	59	72	58	11
WITH PERSONS 65 YEARS AND OVER	29	43		3	21	54	27	56
AVERAGE INCOME, EXPENDITURES AND SAVINGS								
TOTAL RECEIPTS	\$ 5,025	\$ 3,999	\$ 4,861	\$ 6,156	\$ 6,195	\$ 4,825	\$ 3,985	\$ 3,421
MONEY INCOME AFTER TAXES	3,592	2,758	3,210	4,154	4,404	3,991	3,218	2,751
OTHER MONEY RECEIPTS	71	70	31	97	96	65		11
DECREASE IN ASSETS	1,143	1,067	1,254	1,579	1,452	535	600	533
INCREASE IN LIABILITIES	219	104	366	326	243	234	168	126
ACCOUNT-BALANCING DIFFERENCE	-55	-46	20	-126	-76	-49	128	42
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS								
INCREASE IN ASSETS	1,414	1,447	925	1,938	1,331	1,013	815	999
DECREASE IN LIABILITIES	192	75	342	237	192	193	93	327
PERSONAL INSURANCE	149	92	117	206	213	142	107	77
GIFTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	168	176	150	162	163	160	330	142
EXPENDITURES FOR CURRENT CONSUMPTION	3,157	2,253	3,307	3,739	4,372	3,366	2,513	1,834
FOOD, TOTAL	760	528	788	943	954	834	729	467
FOOD PREPARED AT HOME	637	480	688	775	753	767	584	397
FOOD AWAY FROM HOME	123	48	100	169	201	127	145	70
TOBACCO	69	53	72	77	89	76	48	49
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES	19	12	9	25	23	15	29	19
HOUSING, TOTAL	772	626	849	893	988	763	568	512
SHELTER	247	206	312	233	406	209	143	162
RENTED DWELLING	76	51	233	83	95	69	22	45
OWNED DWELLING	141	147	71	137	200	119	90	114
OTHER SHELTER	29	9	8	14	111	21	31	4
FUEL, LIGHT, REFRIGERATION, WATER	177	168	177	203	195	171	136	127
HOUSEHOLD OPERATIONS	149	107	188	199	155	143	107	117
HOUSEFURNISHINGS AND EQUIPMENT	196	142	171	254	224	240	182	102
CLOTHING, CLOTHING MATERIALS, SERVICES	376	184	308	520	569	420	332	170
PERSONAL CARE	104	68	106	139	140	111	95	41
MEDICAL CARE	271	254	300	276	329	306	180	174
RECREATION	96	65	133	130	110	102	66	50
READING	18	18	22	21	18	16	14	11
EDUCATION	33	1	10	42	95	33	18	2
TRANSPORTATION	575	395	650	620	938	629	349	286
AUTOMOBILE	553	384	640	581	911	610	330	273
OTHER TRAVEL AND TRANSPORTATION	22	12	10	38	27	19	19	13
OTHER EXPENDITURES	65	49	59	54	118	59	85	52
VALUE OF ITEMS RECEIVED WITHOUT EXPENSE								
FOOD	137	103	184	150	143	157	182	120
SHELTER	16	10	15	18	14	22	51	17
OTHER	13	15	24	8	4	8	38	29
	108	78	145	124	125	127	94	74
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION								
EXPENDITURES FOR CURRENT CONSUMPTION	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
FOOD, TOTAL	24.1	23.4	23.8	25.2	21.8	24.8	29.0	25.5
FOOD PREPARED AT HOME	20.2	21.3	20.8	20.7	17.2	21.0	23.2	21.6
FOOD AWAY FROM HOME	3.9	2.1	3.0	4.5	4.6	3.8	5.8	3.8
TOBACCO	2.2	2.4	2.2	2.1	2.0	2.3	1.9	2.7
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES	.6	.5	.3	.7	.5	.4	1.2	1.0
HOUSING, TOTAL	24.4	27.8	25.7	23.9	22.6	22.7	22.6	27.9
SHELTER	7.8	9.1	9.4	6.2	9.3	6.2	5.7	8.8
RENTED DWELLING	2.4	2.3	7.0	2.2	2.2	2.0	.9	2.5
OWNED DWELLING	4.5	6.5	2.1	3.7	4.6	3.5	3.6	6.2
OTHER SHELTER	.9	.4	.2	.4	2.5	.6	1.2	.2
FUEL, LIGHT, REFRIGERATION, WATER	5.6	7.5	5.4	5.4	4.5	5.1	5.4	6.9
HOUSEHOLD OPERATIONS	4.7	4.7	5.7	5.3	3.5	4.2	4.3	6.4
HOUSEFURNISHINGS AND EQUIPMENT	6.2	6.3	5.2	6.8	5.1	7.1	7.2	5.6
CLOTHING, CLOTHING MATERIALS, SERVICES	11.9	8.2	9.3	13.9	13.0	12.5	13.2	9.3
PERSONAL CARE	3.3	3.0	3.2	3.7	3.2	3.3	3.8	2.2
MEDICAL CARE	8.6	11.3	9.1	7.4	7.5	9.1	7.2	9.5
RECREATION	3.0	2.9	4.0	3.5	2.5	3.0	2.6	2.7
READING	.6	.8	.7	.6	.4	.5	.6	.6
EDUCATION	1.0	.0	.3	1.1	2.2	1.0	.7	.1
TRANSPORTATION	18.2	17.5	19.6	16.6	21.5	18.7	13.9	15.6
AUTOMOBILE	17.5	17.0	19.3	15.5	20.8	18.1	13.1	14.9
OTHER TRAVEL AND TRANSPORTATION	.7	.5	.3	1.0	.6	.6	.8	.7
OTHER EXPENDITURES	2.1	2.2	1.8	1.4	2.7	1.8	3.4	2.8

TABLE 9

SUMMARY OF FAMILY EXPENDITURES, INCOME, AND SAVINGS, BY NUMBER OF FULL TIME EARNERS IN FAMILY
ALL FARM FAMILIES AND SINGLE CONSUMERS - SOUTH, 1961

	TOTAL	NUMBER OF FULL-TIME EARNERS			
		NONE	1	2	3 OR MORE
FAMILY CHARACTERISTICS					
ESTIMATED NO. OF FAMILIES IN UNIVERSE (000)	1,586	149	1,147	235	55
NUMBER OF FAMILIES IN SAMPLE	925	87	669	137	32
PERCENT OF FAMILIES	100.0	9.4	72.3	14.8	3.5
AVERAGE					
FAMILY SIZE	3.7	3.0	3.6	4.2	7.1
MONEY INCOME BEFORE TAXES	\$ 3,803	\$ 1,911	\$ 3,721	\$ 4,979	\$ 5,619
NET CHANGE IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	\$ 243	\$ -67	\$ 287	\$ 229	\$ 232
NUMBER OF FULL-TIME EARNERS	1.1		1.0	2.0	3.4
AGE OF HEAD	53	59	52	54	53
EDUCATION OF HEAD	8	6	8	8	6
NUMBER OF CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	1.4	1.1	1.4	1.4	2.6
PERCENT					
HOMEOWNERS, ALL YEAR	68	36	72	70	47
AUTO OWNERS, END OF YEAR	85	53	87	95	81
NONWHITE	16	36	13	14	31
REPORTING SAVINGS INCREASE	55	47	56	56	47
DECREASE	41	38	41	42	47
NO CHANGE	4	15	3	1	6
WITH CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	53	38	53	53	84
WITH PERSONS 65 YEARS AND OVER	29	51	26	28	28
AVERAGE INCOME, EXPENDITURES AND SAVINGS					
TOTAL RECEIPTS	\$ 5,025	\$ 2,518	\$ 5,111	\$ 5,850	\$ 6,496
MONEY INCOME AFTER TAXES	3,592	1,878	3,527	4,608	5,252
OTHER MONEY RECEIPTS	71	118	72	34	83
DECREASE IN ASSETS	1,143	459	1,281	945	967
INCREASE IN LIABILITIES	219	64	232	263	193
ACCOUNT-BALANCING DIFFERENCE	-55	64	-107	18	387
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS					
INCREASE IN ASSETS	5,080	2,455	5,218	5,832	6,109
DECREASE IN LIABILITIES	1,414	388	1,609	1,191	1,078
PERSONAL INSURANCE	192	68	191	246	314
GIFTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	149	35	147	225	182
EXPENDITURES FOR CURRENT CONSUMPTION	168	81	176	176	189
FOOD, TOTAL	3,157	1,882	3,095	3,993	4,345
FOOD PREPARED AT HOME	760	534	749	872	1,117
FOOD AWAY FROM HOME	637	476	634	686	916
TOBACCO	123	57	115	186	200
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES	69	44	66	85	119
HOUSING, TOTAL	19	6	19	23	35
SHELTER	772	435	787	875	939
RENTED DWELLING	247	141	253	254	366
OWNED DWELLING	76	57	76	77	134
OTHER SHELTER	141	80	145	154	184
FUEL, LIGHT, REFRIGERATION, WATER	29	5	32	23	48
HOUSEHOLD OPERATIONS	177	113	183	195	168
HOUSEFURNISHINGS AND EQUIPMENT	149	75	150	194	124
CLOTHING, CLOTHING MATERIALS, SERVICES	196	105	198	228	263
PERSONAL CARE	376	184	364	504	593
MEDICAL CARE	104	57	102	135	145
RECREATION	271	201	269	329	246
READING	96	52	97	111	131
EDUCATION	18	9	18	23	14
TRANSPORTATION	33	8	33	44	37
AUTOMOBILE	575	237	535	907	916
OTHER TRAVEL AND TRANSPORTATION	553	222	513	875	911
OTHER EXPENDITURES	22	15	22	32	5
VALUE OF ITEMS RECEIVED WITHOUT EXPENSE	65	115	55	85	53
FOOD	137	189	130	148	104
SHELTER	16	36	15	9	13
OTHER	13	77	5	14	
	108	76	109	124	91
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION					
EXPENDITURES FOR CURRENT CONSUMPTION	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
FOOD, TOTAL	24.1	28.4	24.2	21.8	25.7
FOOD PREPARED AT HOME	20.2	25.3	20.5	17.2	21.1
FOOD AWAY FROM HOME	3.9	3.0	3.7	4.7	4.6
TOBACCO	2.2	2.3	2.1	2.1	2.7
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES	.6	.3	.6	.6	.8
HOUSING, TOTAL	24.4	23.1	25.4	21.9	21.6
SHELTER	7.8	7.5	8.2	6.4	8.4
RENTED DWELLING	2.4	3.0	2.5	1.9	3.1
OWNED DWELLING	4.5	4.3	4.7	3.9	4.2
OTHER SHELTER	.9	.3	1.0	.6	1.1
FUEL, LIGHT, REFRIGERATION, WATER	5.6	6.0	5.9	4.9	3.9
HOUSEHOLD OPERATIONS	4.7	4.0	4.8	4.9	2.9
HOUSEFURNISHINGS AND EQUIPMENT	6.2	5.6	6.4	5.7	6.1
CLOTHING, CLOTHING MATERIALS, SERVICES	11.9	9.8	11.8	12.6	13.6
PERSONAL CARE	3.3	3.0	3.3	3.4	3.3
MEDICAL CARE	8.6	10.7	8.7	8.2	5.7
RECREATION	3.0	2.8	3.1	2.8	3.0
READING	.6	.5	.6	.6	.3
EDUCATION	1.0	.4	1.1	1.1	.9
TRANSPORTATION	18.2	12.6	17.3	22.7	21.1
AUTOMOBILE	17.5	11.8	16.6	21.9	21.0
OTHER TRAVEL AND TRANSPORTATION	.7	.8	.7	.8	.1
OTHER EXPENDITURES	2.1	6.1	1.8	2.1	1.2

TABLE 10

SUMMARY OF FAMILY EXPENDITURES, INCOME, AND SAVINGS, BY LOCATION
INSIDE OR OUTSIDE SMSA'S

ALL FARM FAMILIES AND SINGLE CONSUMERS - SOUTH, 1961

	TOTAL	INSIDE SMSA'S	OUTSIDE SMSA'S
FAMILY CHARACTERISTICS			
ESTIMATED NO. OF FAMILIES IN UNIVERSE (000)	1,586	101	1,484
NUMBER OF FAMILIES IN SAMPLE	925	59	866
PERCENT OF FAMILIES	100.0	6.4	93.6
AVERAGE			
FAMILY SIZE	3.7	3.5	3.8
MONEY INCOME BEFORE TAXES	\$ 3,803	\$ 4,862	\$ 3,731
NET CHANGE IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	\$ 243	\$ 209	\$ 246
NUMBER OF FULL-TIME EARNERS	1.1	1.3	1.1
AGE OF HEAD	53	54	52
EDUCATION OF HEAD	8	8	8
NUMBER OF CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	1.4	1.2	1.4
PERCENT			
HOMEOWNERS, ALL YEAR	68	75	67
AUTO OWNERS, END OF YEAR	85	97	84
NONWHITE	16	10	16
REPORTING SAVINGS INCREASE	55	49	55
DECREASE	41	44	41
NO CHANGE	4	7	4
WITH CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	53	42	53
WITH PERSONS 65 YEARS AND OVER	29	27	29
AVERAGE INCOME, EXPENDITURES AND SAVINGS			
TOTAL RECEIPTS	\$ 5,025	\$ 5,661	\$ 4,981
MONEY INCOME AFTER TAXES	3,592	4,282	3,545
OTHER MONEY RECEIPTS	71	130	67
DECREASE IN ASSETS	1,143	1,086	1,147
INCREASE IN LIABILITIES	219	163	223
ACCOUNT-BALANCING DIFFERENCE	-55	-109	-52
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS			
INCREASE IN ASSETS	5,080	5,771	5,033
DECREASE IN LIABILITIES	1,414	1,208	1,428
PERSONAL INSURANCE	192	249	188
GIFTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	149	259	142
EXPENDITURES FOR CURRENT CONSUMPTION	168	255	162
FOOD, TOTAL	3,157	3,799	3,114
FOOD PREPARED AT HOME	760	902	750
FOOD AWAY FROM HOME	637	730	630
TOBACCO	123	172	120
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES	69	67	69
HOUSING, TOTAL	19	33	18
SHELTER	772	951	760
RENTED DWELLING	247	345	240
OWNED DWELLING	76	71	77
OTHER SHELTER	141	250	134
FUEL, LIGHT, REFRIGERATION, WATER	29	24	29
HOUSEHOLD OPERATIONS	177	253	172
HOUSEFURNISHINGS AND EQUIPMENT	149	190	146
CLOTHING, CLOTHING MATERIALS, SERVICES	196	164	198
PERSONAL CARE	376	350	378
MEDICAL CARE	104	120	103
RECREATION	271	374	264
READING	96	99	96
EDUCATION	18	22	18
TRANSPORTATION	33	30	33
AUTOMOBILE	575	765	562
OTHER TRAVEL AND TRANSPORTATION	553	763	539
OTHER EXPENDITURES	22	3	24
VALUE OF ITEMS RECEIVED WITHOUT EXPENSE	65	87	63
FOOD	137	93	140
SHELTER	16	5	17
OTHER	13	2	14
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	108	86	109
EXPENDITURES FOR CURRENT CONSUMPTION			
FOOD, TOTAL	100.0	100.0	100.0
FOOD PREPARED AT HOME	24.1	23.7	24.1
FOOD AWAY FROM HOME	20.2	19.2	20.2
TOBACCO	3.9	4.5	3.9
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES	2.2	1.8	2.2
HOUSING, TOTAL	.6	.9	.6
SHELTER	24.4	25.0	24.4
RENTED DWELLING	7.8	9.1	7.7
OWNED DWELLING	2.4	1.9	2.5
OTHER SHELTER	4.5	6.6	4.3
FUEL, LIGHT, REFRIGERATION, WATER	.9	.6	.9
HOUSEHOLD OPERATIONS	5.6	6.7	5.5
HOUSEFURNISHINGS AND EQUIPMENT	4.7	5.0	4.7
CLOTHING, CLOTHING MATERIALS, SERVICES	6.2	4.3	6.4
PERSONAL CARE	11.9	9.2	12.1
MEDICAL CARE	3.3	3.2	3.3
RECREATION	8.6	9.8	8.5
READING	3.0	2.6	3.1
EDUCATION	.6	.6	.6
TRANSPORTATION	1.0	.8	1.1
AUTOMOBILE	18.2	20.1	18.0
OTHER TRAVEL AND TRANSPORTATION	17.5	20.1	17.3
OTHER EXPENDITURES	.7	.1	.8
	2.1	2.3	2.0

